



# Safety Data Sheet

# HYDRATED LIME

#### 1. **IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

**HYDRATED LIME Product Name** 

COCKBURN CEMENT LIMITED ABN 50 008 673 470 **Supplier Name** 

**Address** PO Box 38, Hamilton Hill, WA 6963

Manufacturing Plant Munster Works, Lot 242 Russell Road East, Munster, WA 6166

Kwinana Works, Leath Road, Kwinana, WA 6167

Telephone 08 9411 1111

Bus Hrs 08 9411 1111 **Emergency** 

**Email** orders@cockburncement.com.au

www.cockburncement.com.au & www.swancement.com.au **Web Site** 

Synonym(s) Hylime, Marvelime, Industrial Hydrated Lime, Premium Hydrated Lime, Chemical Hydrated

Lime, Calcium Hydroxide, Slaked Lime.

Use(s) Applications such as neutralising agent in water and sewage treatment, a binder in mortars

and renders, soil stabilisation and maintaining alkaline conditions for mineral processing.

#### **HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 2.

This product is classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria. Only classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG code when transported by air.

#### **GHS Classifications**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1 Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 3

**SIGNAL WORD Pictograms** 

**WARNING** 



#### **Hazard statements**

H315 Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. H318 May cause respiratory irritation. H335

#### **Prevention statements**

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P261

Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P264

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### **Response statements**

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. P310 P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

#### **Disposal statements**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

UN No	None Allocated	<b>Hazchem Code</b>	None Allocated	Pkg Group	None Allocated
DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	None Allocated





## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Conc.	CAS No.
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	65 - 75%	1305-62-0
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE	$Mg(OH)_2$	3.5 - 5%	1309-42-8
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ)	SiO <sub>2</sub>	0.5 - 3%	14808-60-7
ALUMINIUM OXIDE	$Al_2O_3$	0 - 1.5%	1344-28-1
IRON (III) OXIDE	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0 - 1%	1309-37-1
LIMESTONE	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	0 - 2%	1317-65-3

<sup>\*</sup> Loss on Ignition accounts for missing concentration

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye** Flush thoroughly with flowing water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if

symptoms persist.

**Inhalation** Remove from dusty area to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Skin** Wash thoroughly with water. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and footwear.

Seek medical attention if symptoms develop.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink to dilute

stomach contents. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

**Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre (131126 Australia wide).

#### **Additional Information - Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Inhalation Over exposure resulting from prolonged and repeated inhalation of dust containing

crystalline silica (found in this product below the reportable limit) can cause bronchitis, silicosis (scarring of the lung.) It may also increase the risk of scleroderma (a disease affecting the connective tissue of the skin, joints, blood vessels and internal organs) and lung cancer. Epidemiological studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis (scaring of the lung) and lung cancer in persons exposed to crystalline

silica.

**Skin** Irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated skin contact with Lime Kiln Dust can cause

irritant dermatitis or alkaline burns.

**Eye** Irritating to the eye. If a large volume of lime dust (or slurry) is splashed into the eye

alkaline burns can cause permanent damage.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING

Flammability Non flammable. Does not cause dust explosions. Violent reaction with maleic anhydride,

nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitroproprane, phosphorous and oxidants.

Fire and Explosion NExtinguishing N

Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists. Non flammable.

Hazchem Code None.

Status: Approved Dept: Sales & Marketing Revision: 3.0 Issued: 8 May 2023 Supersedes: R2 April 2021 Page 2 of 6



#### 6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Spillage** If spilt (bulk), contact emergency services if appropriate. Wear dust-proof goggles,

> PVC/rubber gloves, a Class P2 respirator (where an inhalation risk exists), coveralls and rubber boots. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse. generating dust. Lime Kiln Dust should be slowly hydrated by SLOW addition to water then

neutralised with dilute Hydrochloric Acid e.g. 6M, before disposal.

**Emergency** 

Follow safety requirements for personal protection under Section 8 Exposure Controls/

Personal Protection. **Procedures** 

### HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Storage** Concrete or steel bins and silos or plastic lined paper sacks are the recommended forms of

storage. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from moisture, oxidising agents (eg phosphorous oxide), acids, ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physicical damage, and sealed when not in use. Also store removed from maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and

potassium nitrate.

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended Handling to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including

washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated

areas.

Property/ **Environmental** 

**Standards** 

Refer to Section 13.

## **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Ventilation Avoid generating dust. All work with Hydrated Lime should be carried out in such a way as

to minimise exposure to dust and repeated skin contact. Where dust could be generated whilst handling Hydrated Lime, use local mechanical ventilation or extraction in areas where dust could escape into the work environment. For bulk deliveries, closed pumping systems are recommended. For handling of individual bags, follow personal protection

instructions if no local exhaust ventilation is available.

ALUMINIUM OXIDE (1344-28-1) Exposure

> ES-TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust) CALCIUM CARBONATE (1317-85-3) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust) CALCIUM OXIDE (1305-78-8)

ES-TWA: 2 mg/m³ (Respirable Dust; Alkaline)

IRON (III) OXIDE (1309-37-1)

ES-TWA: 5 mg/m³ (Respirable Dust)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4)

ES-TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust) SILICA, CRYSTALLINE - QUARTZ (14808-60-7) ES-TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust).

Under Model WHS Law adopted in most Australian jurisdictions.

**PPE** Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P2 respirator. If there is potential for prolonged and/or excessive skin contact, wear coveralls. At high dust levels, wear a Class P3 respirator or a Powered Air Purifying

Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 filter.







# **Safety Data Sheet**

## HYDRATED LIME

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** A white or off-white

amorphous powder with a typical fineness of less than 1% retained on a 75 micron

sieve.

Odour Slight Odour
pH Approximately 12
Vapour Pressure Not Available

Boiling Point/Melting Point Decomposes to Calcium Oxide

and water @580°C

Not Available

**Evaporation Rate** Not Available

**Bulk Density** 300 - 700 kg/m³ **Particle Size** 99% < 75 microns

Solubility (water) Slightly

Specific Gravity
% Volatiles
Flammability
Flash Point
Upper Explosion Limit

2.1 to 2.3
Not Available
Non Flammable
Not Relevant
Not Relevant

Lower Explosion Limit
Autoignition

Temperature

Not Relevant Not Available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity** Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. phosphorus oxide), ethanol, interhalogens (e.g.

chlorine trifluoride) and acids. Also incompatible with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols, and

potassium nitrate.

**Decomposition Products** 

Vapour Density

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity** No known toxicity data available for this product.

**Eye** Irritant upon contact with dust. Over exposure may result in pain, redness, corneal burns,

and ulceration with possible permanent damage.

**Inhalation** Slightly corrosive. Irritating to the respiratory system causing coughing and sneezing.

Over exposure may result in severe mucous membrane irritation and bronchitis. Crystalline silica (found in this product below the reportable limit) can cause silicosis (lung disease) with chronic over exposure, however due to low levels present and product application,

adverse health effects are not anticipated.

**Skin** Irritating to the skin. Contact may result in skin rash, dermatitis, and possible burns.

**Ingestion** Slightly corrosive. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, with vomiting

and abdominal pain. Due to product form, ingestion is not considered a likely exposure

route.

**Mutagenicity** Insufficient data available for this product to classify as a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** Crystalline silica is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1), however due to low levels

present and product application, the criteria for classification is not met.

**Toxicity Data** CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)

LD50 (Ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse) MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE (1309-43-8)

LD50 (Ingestion): 8500 mg/kg (rat, mouse) SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (1408-60-7)

Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1)



#### 12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Environment** The aquatic toxicity of calcium hydroxide is due to its alkalinity. It is neutralised to

calcium carbonate by absorption of atmospheric carbon dioxide and is not degraded by

oxidation. Calcium hydroxide does not bioaccumulate in the environment.

#### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Reuse or recycle where possible. Alternatively, ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the **Waste Disposal** 

manufacturer for additional information.

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Keep out of sewer and stormwater Legislation

drains.

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

Not classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG Code, IMDG or IATA.

Transport is by rail or road in bulk or bag form.

Drivers of trucks transporting bagged product should ensure that the bags are properly restrained.

#### IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)

**Shipping Name** None Allocated

**UN No** None Allocated None Allocated **Hazchem Code** None Allocated Pkg Group **DG Class** None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated **EPG** None Allocated

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Poison Schedule AICS** 

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

#### **OTHER INFORMATION** 16.

#### Additional Information

IARC - GROUP 1 - PROVEN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient for which there is sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer as a human carcinogen. The use of products known to be human carcinogens should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general, the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The Recommendation for protective equipment contained within this SDS report is provided as a quide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method Given that it is impractical to prepare an SDS report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



ABBREVIATIONS:

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Milligrams per cubic metre

ppm - Parts per Million

ES-TWA - Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average

CNS - Central Nervous System

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of 0 - 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline.

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service Number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

ES-TWA - Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average.

M – Moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

#### **Report Status**

This document has been compiled by Cockburn Cement Limited the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet.

While the information in this Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in good faith, Cockburn Cement Limited does not warrant that the information is accurate, complete, or up to date.

#### **Contact Point**

For further information on this product contact:

Telephone: Office hours 08 9411 1111

Web site: <u>www.cockburncement.com.au</u>

#### **Advice Note**

The information in this document is believed to be accurate. Please check the currency of this SDS by contacting:

08 9411 1111

or

www.cockburncement.com.au or www.swancement.com.au

Each user of any information, or any product referred to, in this Safety Data Sheet must:

- Determine whether the information or product is suitable for their purpose;
- Assess and control any risks associated with the information or product; and
- Obtain professional advice in relation to the use of the information or product.

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  savings, production, business, opportunity, access to markets, goodwill, reputation,
  publicity, or use) arising from any use of or reliance on any information in this Safety
  Data Sheet.