



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name Supplier Name Address	HYDRATED LIME Cockburn Cement Limited A.B.N. 50.008.673.470 PO Box 38, Hamilton Hill, WA 6963
Manufacturing	Munster Works, Lot 242 Russell Road East, Munster, WA 6166
Plant(s)	Kwinana Works, Leath Road, Kwinana, WA 6167
Telephone	08 9411 1000
Fax	08 9411 1150
Emergency	Bus Hrs 08 9411 1000 A/Hrs 08 9411 1000
Email	orders@cockburncement.com.au
Web Site	http://www.cockburncement.com.au & www.swancement.com.au
Synonym(s)	Hylime, Marvelime, Industrial Hydrated Lime, Premium Hydrated Lime, Chemical Hydrated Lime, Calcium Hydroxide, Slaked Lime.
Use(s)	Applications such as neutralising agent in water and sewage treatment, a binder in mortars and renders, soil stabilisation and maintaining alkaline conditions for mineral processing.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

THIS PRODUCT IS CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO CRITERIA OF NOHSC.

RISK PHRAS R36/37/38 R40 R43 R48/20	SES Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Harmful : danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.		
SAFETY PH	RASES		
S20/21	When using do not eat, drink or smoke.		
S22	Do not breathe dust.		
S29	Do not empty into drains.		
S24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		
S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing, eye/face protection and gloves.		
S38	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.		

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE.

UN No	None Alllocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated	Pkg Group	None Allocated
DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	None Allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Conc.	CAS No.
Calcium Hydroxide	Ca(OH) ₂	80 – 95%	1305-62-0
Magnesium Hydroxide	Mg(OH) ₂	0 - 6%	1309-42-8
Crystalline Silica (respirable <7µm)	SiO ₂	<1%	14808–60-7
Silicon Dioxide, Quartz	SiO ₂	0 – 8%	14808-60-7





4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	Flush thoroughly with flowing water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.				
Inhalation	Remove from dusty area to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.				
Skin	Quickly but gently, wipe material off skin. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash skin thoroughly with copious amounts of water.				
Ingestion	Rinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink to dilute stomach contents. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.				
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre (131126 Australia Wide).				
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station.				
Additional Information -	Aggravated Medical Conditions				
Inhalation	Inhalation of dust through prolonged, repeated exposure can cause bronchitis, silicosis (scarring of the lung). It may also increase the risk of scleroderma (a disease affecting the connective tissue of the skin, joints, blood vessels and internal organs) and lung cancer. Epidemiological studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis (scarring of the lung) and lung cancer.				
Skin	Irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated skin contact with Hydrated Lime can cause irritant dermatitis.				
5. FIRE FIGHTING					
Flammability	Non flammable. Does not cause dust explosions. Violent reaction with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitroproprane, phosphorus and oxidants.				

- Fire and Explosion Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists.
- Extinguishing Non flammable.

Hazchem Code None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage If spilt (bulk), contact emergency services if appropriate. Wear dust-proof goggles, PVC/rubber gloves, a Class P2 respirator (where an inhalation risk exists), coveralls and rubber boots. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or waterways. Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse. Avoid generating dust. Materials should be neutralised with diluted Hydrochloric Acid (eg 6M) before disposal.

EmergencyFollow safety requirements for personal protection under Section 8 Exposure Controls/PersonalProceduresProtection.





7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage	Concrete or steel bins and silos or plastic lined paper sacks are the recommended forms of storage. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from moisture, oxidising agents (eg phosphorus oxide), acids, ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage, and sealed when not in use. Also store removed from maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate.		
Handling	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.		
Property/ Environmental	Refer to Section 13.		
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION			

Ventilation	Avoid generating dust. All work with Hydrated Lime should be carried out in such a way as to minimise exposure to dust and repeated skin contact. Where dust could be generated whilst handling Hydrated Lime, use local mechanical ventilation or extraction in areas where dust could escape into the work environment. For bulk deliveries, closed pumping systems are recommended. For handling of individual base, follow personal protection instructions if no local exhaust ventilation is available.
	bags, follow personal protection instructions if no local exhaust ventilation is available.

Exposure Standards	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0) ES-TWA: 5 mg/m ³ WES-TWA: 5 mg/m ³ SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (14808-60-7) ES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ (Silica Quartz, respirable, NOHSC) ES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ (QLD); 0.15 mg/m3 (NSW)
	WES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (FUME) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Inspirable dust WES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³
PPE	Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalati

Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P2 respirator. If there is potential for prolonged and/or excessive skin contact, wear coveralls. At high dust levels, wear a Class P3 respirator or a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 Filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Odour pH Vapour Pressure Vapour Density Boiling Point/Melting Point

Evaporation Rate Bulk Density Particle Size A white or off-white amorphous Powder. Slight Odour Approximately 12 Not Available Not Available Decomposes to Calcium Oxide and water @ 580°C

Not Available 200 – 500 kg/m³ 95% < 75 microns Solubility (water)

Specific Gravity % Volatiles Flammability Flash Point Upper Explosion Limit

Lower Explosion Limit Autoignition 1.6g/L @ 20°C

2.1 to 2.3 Not Available Non Flammable Not Relevant Not Relevant

Not Relevant Not Available





10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg phosphorus oxide), ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and acids. Also incompatible with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate. Absorbs carbon dioxide forming calcium carbonate when exposed to the atmosphere.
Decomposition Products	May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Corrosive. Use safe work practices to avoid eye – skin contact and dust generation – inhalation.
Once water is added, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated. Chronic respiratory effects are not
anticipated with over exposure at high levels due to the immediate irritant and/or corrosive effects .
Corrosive. Severe irritant upon contact with powder/dust. Over exposure may result in pain, redness,
corneal burns and ulceration with possible permanent damage.
Corrosive. Over exposure to powder – dust (when mixing) may result in severe mucous membrane irritation of nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis at high levels.
Irritating and drying to skin. May cause alkaline burns and irritant or allergic dermatitis, especially as an ingredient in plastic (unhardened) wet concrete mortar or slurry.
Corrosive. Ingestion may result in ulceration and burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting,
abdominal pain and diarrhoea.
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)
LD50 (Ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTŽ (14808-60-7)
Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group1)
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE (1309-42-8)
LD50 (Ingestion): 8500 mg/kg (rat, mouse)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment	The aquatic toxicity of calcium hydroxide is due to its alkalinity. It is neutralised to calcium carbonate by
	absorption of atmospheric carbon dioxide and is not degraded by oxidation. Calcium hydroxide does
	not bio-accumulate in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Waste DisposalReuse or recycle where possible. Alternatively, ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent
dust generation and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional
information.
- **Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Keep out of sewer and stormwater drains.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous goods by the criteria of the ADG Code.

Shipping Name	None Allocated				
UN No	None Allocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated	Pkg Group	None Allocated
DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	None Allocated





15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the
Schedule	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
AICS	All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

IARC – GROUP 1 – PROVEN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient for which there is sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer as a human carcinogen. The use of products known to be human carcinogens should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The Recommendation for protective equipment contained within this MSDS report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare an MSDS report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

ABBREVIATIONS: mg/m³ - Milligrams per cubic metre ppm - Parts Per Million ES-TWA - Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of 0 - 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service Number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds. IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. WES-TWA - Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average M – Moles per litre, a unit of concentration

Report Status This document has been compiled by Cockburn Cement Limited the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet ("MSDS").

While Cockburn Cement Limited has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this MSDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, Cockburn Cement Limited accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this MSDS.





products.

Contact Point	For further information on this product contact:				
	Telephone:	Office hours	08 9411 1000		
		After hours	08 9411 1000		
	Facsimile:		08 9411 1150		
	Web site:	http://www.cocl	http://www.cockburncement.com.au		
Advice Note	The information in this document is believed to be accurate. Please check the currency of this MS contacting:				
	08 9411 1000 or				
	http://www.cocl	http://www.cockburncement.com.au or www.swancement.com.au			
	The provision of this information should not be construed as a recommendation to use this product in violation of any patent rights or in breach of any statute or regulation. Users are advised to make their own determination as to the suitability of this information in relation to their particular purposes and specific circumstances. Users should read this MSDS and consider the information in the context of				

how the product will be handled and used in the workplace and in conjunction with other substances or