

AVAILABLE LIME

Quicklime (AS 4489)

Reagents

1. Neutralised Sugar Solution

- (i) Dissolve 385 g of sugar in 615 mL of CO₂ free water.
- (ii) Add several drops of phenolphthalein indicator then add 0.4 M NaOH dropwise until a faint pink colour persists.
- (iii) This solution should not be used more than 48 hours after preparation.

2. Phenolphthalein (4%)

- (i) Dissolve 4 g of dry phenolphthalein in 100 mL of 95% alcohol.

3. Standard Hydrochloric Acid (1 M) (may also be purchased pre-made)

- (i) Prepare a solution of 83 mL of Hydrochloric Acid to 1 L of CO₂ free water.
- (ii) Weigh accurately to the nearest 0.1 mg, 4.4 g of Na₂CO₃ and transfer to a 500 mL flask.
- (iii) Dissolve in approximately 50 mL of CO₂ free water. Add 2 drops of 0.1% Methyl Red in alcohol.
- (iv) Titrate with the HCl until the first appearance of red colour, and boil the solution to discharge the colour.
- (v) Cool to room temperature and alternate titration, boiling and cooling until the first appearance of a red colour that is not discharged on further boiling.
- (vi) Calculation:

$$\text{Molarity of HCl} = \text{Mass in g. of Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \text{ used} \times 18.87/\text{HCl (mL)}$$

Procedure

- (i) Grind sample to **completely pass 150m** screen.
- (ii) Accurately weigh approximately 2.804 g. of sample into a **dry** 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask, and record weight.
- (iii) Disperse in a small amount (<5 mL) of methylated spirit. Add approximately 50 mL of **boiling** water and immediately place on hotplate.
- (iv) Boil actively for at least 1 minute to complete slaking.
- (v) Remove from hotplate, stopper loosely and cool in water bath.
- (vi) Add 50 mL of the neutralised sugar solution, stopper flask and swirl.
- (vii) Let stand for 15 minutes (10 minimum, 30 maximum), swirling at 5 minute intervals. Add 4 or 5 drops of phenolphthalein solution.
- (viii) Titrate **rapidly** to end point with the standard HCl from a 100 mL burette. When the first complete disappearance of the pink colour is noted, read the end point.

Calculation

$$\% \text{ Available Lime} = \frac{2.804 \times \text{molarity of HCl} \times \text{Titre (mL)}}{\text{sample weight (g)}}$$

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